NEW YORK BURKED WEDNESDAY, FREEDARY IS, 1819.

tee and all the speakers on the administration side, that the acquisition of Cuba is of geographical and political necessity. The doctrine of political necessity had been in all times the piea of tyrants. Geographical necessity less intelligible, and the law of gravitation was cited to elect to out. Why did that law of political gravitation effect only the peasessions of feeble States, and not those of Great Britain, for instance? Cuba, he admitted, was a convenient island, but to seize it for that reason is the doctrine of the highway—of might over right. Mr. Hale here read extracts from Jefferson, Adams, Ciay, Everett and others, relied on to prove the necessity of its acquisition, to show that their opinions were qualified by contingencies of committees report. He says there are but three alternstives for Cuba—first, for a loreign power to have it, which we won't permit; second, independence, which is impossible; third, to necome ours, which is inevitable. These are curious siternatives. The first cannot be permitted; the second impossible; the third inevitable. He thought, that in the present condition of the treasury, it was useless to exceed thirty millions to bring about an inevitable result. The report says, "let Great Britain, France, and Russia pursue this course of annexation in East, we will look on with indifference, and claim the same privilege on this Continent." This reminded him of a Latin line, "Hane deam damaque petimus." He would construe it thus: Damusque—we will let Englank, France and Russia have their right, &c.—petimus—when we go robbing on our own account—when this beautiful island, which, under the force of political gravitation is approaching us so that we have hardly virtue to keep her off, they will look on "if not with favor, at least with indifference." Further, the committee illustrate by the trope of a ripe apple ready to drop from the loogh to accelerate that inevitable result. Mr. Hale then went into a discussion of the slave trade, and said that if there were so higher deati

peditions naving for their zens.

Mr. Carttenden reviewed the points in Mr. Benjamin's

reply.

Mr. Thomrson, of Ky., obtained the floor, and the Senate theu, at a late hour, adjourned.

House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15, 1859. Mr. GROVER, member of the House, from Oregon, was alified, and took his seat. THE PRINTING INVESTIGATION

Mr. George Taylor, (adm.) of N. Y., reported a pre-amble setting forth that John Cassin, of Philadelphia, having been duly summoned, has refused to appear and give testimony before the Select Committee to investigate the accounts of Mr. Seaman, late Superintendent of Pubic Printing, concluding with a resolution that the Speaker be directed to issue his warrant to the Sergeant-at-Arms to arrest the said Casain wherever he is to be found and

The resolution was passed.

PALARIES OF PUBLIC OFFICERS.

Mr. Crawford, (adm.) of Ga., asked, but falled to obtain consent, to introduce a bill to repeal all laws passed since the 1st of July, 1850, which increase the salaries of public officers, and the salaries to be paid in conformity to the laws previous to that time. The act now proposed to be continued in force until the annual receipts from the du-ties received, under the law of March 3, 1847, shall be equal to the amount annually appropriated by Congress,

and no longer.

Mr. Dowdell, (adm.) of Ala., ineffectually sought to introduce a resolution calling on the President to furnish information showing the amount expended on account of the recaptured Africans, and how far the republic of Liberia was interested in these expenditures, the cost of maintaining the African squadron, the number of deaths of officers and men connected therewith, and the number of Africans restored, &c.

THE INDIAN APPROPRIATION MILL.

The House went into committee on the Senate's amendments to the Indian Appropriation bill.

Mr. STANTON, (opp.) of Onio, said that Mr. Garnett yesterday contrasted the expenditures under Mr. Fillmore's whig administration with those under Mr. Buchanan's during the year, greatly to the prejudice of the present administration. He had congratulated himself that he had at last found a genuine and sincere aposite of retrenchment and reform; but the gentleman-from Virginia, in his next breath, endeavored to throw the responsibility of the largely increased expenditures on the minority, with the assessance of a few on the democratic side. Under those circumstances the idea of his carrying away the sins of the democratic party into the wilderness was altogether out of the question. It had occurred to him (Stanton) that confession was the first step toward genuine repentance; but if the majority are not responsible, the country has 18 to hope for from democratic quarters. The appropriation bulls are returned from the Scanteu unitormly laden with additional millions, and the House is compelled to acquisece, as they come from the Committee of Conference, or leave the administration without the means for carrying on the government. He had been informed that some men connected with the navy yards never go there excepting to get their pay, and that on election days they serve as shoulder hitters, and perform such other duties as the exigencies of the democratic got the democratic got the democratic to the first step to the presence of expenditures of which the gentleman perform such other duties as the exigencies of party require. This is, no doubt, one of the reasons of the increase of expenditures of which the gentleman from Virginia complained. They had increased as the exigencies of the democratic party increased, and to those expenditures the gentleman's party owed its success. If he wants an economical administration of the government, he must lay the axe at the root of this corrupt tree, and not merely lop off the branches, for they would spring out with increased vigor. So long as the expenditures are made the spoils of the victor and the reward of party services, so long will they continue to increase. It is said that music has charms to scothe a savage, but when discordant, grates barshly. While the President induges in the sonorous notes of Old Hundred the Scoretary of the Treasury plays Yankee Doodle. This, as Degberry says, is most tolerable, and not to be endured. It makes confusion worse confounded in the democratic church, which is in a melancholy condition. There is unmistakeable evidence of its speedy overthrow, not merely in the non-essentials, but the fondamental articles of the democratic creed. He referred to the conflicting views of the President and Scoretary of the Treasury relative to the mode of adjusting duties, aliuded to the frands from false invoices in valuation, and said if the customs had been collected under an honest system, forty per centum more would have been received into the treasury. Eight or nine millions would be sufficient to meet the current expenses. There should be a radical change from ad valorem to specific duties for the purpose of outaning sufficient revenue with the principle of discrimination, for the encouragement of domestic manufacture. We, he said, ask no more—we will take nothing less.

EVENING SESSION.

EVENING SESSION. Mr. Morris, (opp) of Iil., in condemning the President, asked whether they should cower before his advancing power, and suffer him to crush out every vestige of the nation's manhood without offering resistance. He had aimed a blow at the freedom of elections by interfering in the domestic affairs of the sovereign State of Illinois. Offices had been virtually sold to venal politicians and rewards offered for freason. A few Judasos were found to sell themselves for thirty pieces of silver, and they were worth less than that. Outrages and tyraunical acts, violative of every principle of right, should not be longer tolerated. If the course heretofore pursued is to be followed up in Illinois, and the people thereof are not to have a voice in their home affairs, it was true the administration should have a Roland for an Oliver. He (Morrie) had never dreamed when at home that ma government screted the evidency on which public officers are removed; but it was reserved to him, on reaching Washington, to learn that our Executive Department is a star-chamber, for it conceals from the public the charges on which a man is tried, convicted and removed from office, without giving the least oppurtunity to repel the accusations against him; and such conduct is to be dignified by the high character of the executioner. He complained that the Post Office Department had refused to let him take copies of the charges against ex-Postmaster Parsons, and said that the government had committed a larceny on Parsons' reputation, by creating the suspicion he had been unfaithful to his trust. Mr. Morris mentioned other similar cases to show that removals and appointments had been make in total disregard of the wishes of the people. Where creatures could not be found in Illinois to fit offices, vacated by the removal of good men and democrate, they were imported, and some of them did not bring good moral characters with them. If a mil robbery was committed, suspicion immediately attaches to some government officer. Among the appointments to high office in Illinois, was a man notoriously a defaulter, and who deserved confinement in prison rather than power, and suffer him to crush out every vestige of the nation's manhood without offering resistance. He had

Douglas, the brave and heroic chiefalls of the democratic party.

Mr. Royce, (opp.) of Vt., said if we have suffered so many insults from Spain as the President alleges, he instead of asking an appropriation to purchase Cuba, would have better discharged his duty by laying before Congress the facts to aid intelligent action on such measures as would vindicate our national honor and afford the protections assumed by the President, saying, among other things, the latter had fallen into a very grave error if he supposed that by the acquisation of Cuba the suppression of the slave trade would follow as a result. If the island was to be secured because of its contiguity and of natural right, Jamaica, México, Central America, and the Russian and British possessions might be claimed on similar grounds. If the President wants a better feeling with Spain, he will refrain from further attempt to purchase Cube, for she knows we have not money enough to pay for the island, and all the world knows that we do not need it. A large majority of the people were pledged to resist the further extension of slavery, and will never consent that new slave States shall be formed out of foreign territory purchased with the common treasure of the country.

Mr. Chaum, (opp.) of N. H., said in eight years the an-

nual expenditures had increased from forty-eight to eighty millions of dollars. There being no extraordinary circumstances for this, it must be attributed to corrupt and wanton extravagance and nothing else. Men who want fut jobs besiege this Capitol, and the army of office seekers is greater than the frogs of Egypt. The rule of aution has been, "the President wants my vote, and I want his patronage. I will vote as he wishes, and he will give me what I want." Twenty millions have been spent in six years in carrying elections, burying the dead, caring for the wounded, and cheating the people generally.

Mr. Wann, (adm.) of N. Y., reviewed the commerce of the world, and spoke of the necessity of interoceanic communication by means of a ship canal, and regarded the Straits in New Granada as the route which seience can overcome and render its prosecution and completion practicable.

The committee here rose, and the House adjourned.

No. 64. Philo Chamberlain, et al., claimants of the propeler Ogdensburg, vs. Eber B. Ward, et al., and No. 80. Ward vs. Chamberlain, &c. Argument continued for claimants, and concluded for libeliants.

No. 65. Edward M. Chaffee vs. The Boston Belling Company. Argument commenced for the plaintiffs.

AFFAIRS AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

Our Special Albany Despatch.
THE HARLEM RAILROAD CHARTER—THE LOBBY IN
VESTIGATION—TRE REGISTRY BILL—ABOLISHING
THE OFFICE OF CORPORATION COUNSEL, RTC.

Albant, Feb. 15, 1859.

When the bill for extending the charter of the Hariem Railroad came up in the Senate this morning for the final vote, Senator Sloan moved to strike out the following clause in the third section, relating to running the New Haven cars over a portion of the Harlem road:—"And to permit the use thereof, by the New York and New Haven Railroad Company, to the same point"—that is, Forty-second street. Secator Sloan remarked that he was not in favor of legislating in any respect for the New Haven company so long as 1th directors and managers refuse to recognize their liabilities... innocent persons on account of stock issued by their President. The motion prevailed, and then the bill passed—21 to 4.

The committee engaged in the examination of witnesses in order to bring out facts whether the charter of the Albany bridge was obtained through fraud and corruption, are resisted step by step by the lobby. Yesterday a lawyer appeared before the committee and assumed to interrogate a witness. The chairman of the committee informed the lawyer that the witness was discharged for the day, consequently no further action could be entertained at the present sitting. This morning the aforesaid lawyer, through one of the Senators, made complaint to the Senate that he had been deprived of the privilege of examining the witness. The Senator gave the name of the counsellor, who acknowledged before the Standing Committee that he "appeared in behalf of the lobby." The Chairman, Mr. O. B. Wheeler, stated to the Senate that the committee had not prevented the attendance of counsel. The Senat

Mr. O. B. Wheeler, stated to the Senate that the committee had not prevented the attendance of counsel. The Senate then adopted a resolution instructing the Lobby Investigating Committee to allow any party implicated to be assisted with counsel, and cross-examine witnesses, in extenuation of any matters charged upon him. During the examination yesterday before the committee, the fact was elicited that money was paid to a member of the Legislature as a consideration for his vote in favor of the passage of the Allbany Bridge bill. Now for the names of a portion of the members of a former Legislature who have been bribed, and the names of the lobyties who furnished the money, and how much of this species of corruption was emoloyed to accomplish that interesting object.

Very soon after this preceeding was completed, and when Senator O. B. Wheeler was absent from the Senate chamber, Senator Loveland introduced a resolution asking for a select committee to examine the allegations made a few days since by Senator Wheeler, the chairman of the lobby investigation. What we understood Mr. W. o say, was substantially this: "He had evidence in his possession which he intended to communicate to the Senate through his committee, which went to implicate a member of the Legislature in the attempt to suppress the lobby investigation. by the offer of a large amount of money." Senator Loveland is now a member of a select committee, appointed under his own resolution, investigation. Senator Loveland is now a member of a select committee, appointed under his own resolution, investigation that the propriet of the Capital of the Lebby Committee. As Senator Ely most aptly remarked to day. "Where there is so much smoke there must be a little fire." And who is scorched will scon be known to the public.

The bill refunding ex Governor King the expenses of military at Quarantine was passed in the Senate this morning.

The Renate adopted a joint resolution adjourning a week from Thureday the 12th to Thureday the 12th to Thureday the 12th t

ing.

The Senate adopted a joint resolution adjourning a week from Thursday, the 17th, to Thursday the 24th inst. The House will agree. A large number of members living at a distance have not visited their homes since the com-

House will agree. A large number of members living at a distance have not visited their homes since the commencement of the session.

A large number of notices, bills, resolutions, &c., &c., were brought forward in the House of Assembly during the session last evening. Mr. Conkiing announced one to provide for the collection of moneys paid to maintain troops on Staten Island. This is an important bill. It provides that if the Supervisors of Richmond county do not impose by tax the amount necessary to reimburse the State, that then the Comptroller shall be authorized to sell at public auction any property belonging to the county to raise the amount. This bill, introduced by Mr. Conkling. Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, denominated Chancellor of the Exchequer, has a semi-official bearing upon its face. It is just that the county should pay all damage incurred by the incendiaries; but it is very doubtful whether the Legislature has any right to single out any particular town, city, county or locality, and compel it to cancel the indebtedness incurred by the cowardice, foolishness or spitefulness of any State officer, be he Governor or any other officer. Senator Diven will see that his party do not commit such an unrighteous act.

A bill introduced by Mr. Shepard, of St. Lawrence, to arrest the issuing of Canal Commissioners' drafts, should be passed into a law with all possible despatch. There are now over two millions of these illegal debts against the State now in the hands of bankers, for which interest is provided, and if this practice is not arrested an additional amount equally as large will be created, through the collusion of contractors, engineers and commissioners, during the ext season. Shepard's bill provides that the Auditor shall notify the Commissioners when the funds provided for enlarging the canals are exhausted; that after receiving such notice the Commissioners shall issue

the collusion of contractors, engineers and commissioners, during the next season. Shepard's bill provides that the Auditor shall notify the Commissioners when the funds provided for enlarging the canals are exhausted; that after receiving such notice the Commissioners shall issue no drafts to contractors; and if this injunction is disregarded, then such disobedient Commissioner shall be fined and putished. We hope Mr. Shepard will ask unanimous consent to put this bill upon us third reading immediately, call for the ayes and nays, and then will be seen the strength of the canni leibby in resisting it. Mr. S. has proved thus far a faithful treasury watchman as Chairman on Claims, and we desire to see him push his anticanal draft bill with vigor and speedy success.

The Fegistry bill—that everlasting football—was kicked and coffed about the Assembly chamber this morning, from the republicans to the Know Nothings, and vice versa, watfout the least regard for the feelings of the banting. Mr. Costello, member from One's county, republican and naturalized citizen, wanted the bill so shaped that there should be the same liberty allowed naturalized voters as there is intended to be given native voters on appearing before the Registry Board; but a large majority of the House refused to grant any such equalization. He then distinctly told his republican friends that the Registry law would greatly injure their party. Mr. Morris, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, and one of the most inteligent and influential republican members, very carnestly and strenuously opposed all registry laws for the rural districts. Mr. M. seldom enters into any debate unless he has something to say, and when he does signak his sentiments fall deeply upon the minds of his brother members. It is evident he is not a party to the agreement with the Know Nothings, that they "should have a Registry law for the State," in payment for their votes at the last election. The bill now under discussion cannot pass into a law—that's settled

Major Scholed

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE APPOINTMENT OF A LAW OFFICER FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, TO BE CALLED THE SOLICITION OF THE COUNTY, AND IN RELATION TO THE COUNTY, AND IN RELATION OF THE COUNTY, AND IN THE COUNTY OF THE COUNTY OF THE COUNTY OF THE COUNTY.

CITY. 1 The County of the city of the city of the County OF THE COU

criv. section 1. The Comptroller of the city and county of New York shall, immediately after the passage of this act, and from the time the teachers are required by this act, sominate in writing to the Mayor of said city, a competent person, of the degree of counsellor at law of the Septeme Court, to be called the Solichor of the City Treasury.

Sec. 2. The said Mayor shall within five days after the receipt of such normantion (excitative of Sunday), either reject or conformation.

degree of counsellor at law of the Sopreme Court, to be called the Solichor of the City Treasury.

It is solichor of the City Treasury and the solichor of such nominate Mayor shall within the days after the receipt of such nominate Mayor shall within the days after the receipt of such nominate Mayor shall within the days after the receipt of such nominate Mayor shall within the the same. Such confirmation or reyellisher reject or confirm the same. Such confirmation or reyellisher reject or confirm the same. Such confirmation or reyellisher the same specified the said Solicitor of the Lity Treasury shall forthwith experiment of the specified the said Solicitor of the Lity Treasury shall forthwith enter upon the dates of his office in conformity therewith.

Bec. 3. The said Solicitor of the City Treasury shall hold office in conformity therewith.

Bec. 3. The said Solicitor of the City Treasury shall hold office during the pressure of the said Comptroller, and until his accessor be only appointed. If a vacancy occur by reaching the same proceedings shall be not to fill tilly of add solicitor of the Same proceedings shall be not to fill tilly of add solicitor of the City Treasury to defend all extons at law or suits in equity prosecuted against the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonally of the city of New York, provided always that so such action or suit shall be defended by him at any stage thereof, save upon the written cousent and retabore of the said Comptroller.

Sec. 5. The said Solicitor of the Said Comptroller, see. 5. The said Solicitor of the Said Comptroller, as salary at, and after the rate of \$3,500 a year, payable quarterly, and shall receive besides all continuous and fees which may be recovered from the plaintiff in and onto the treasury of the said edity, and shall receive from said comptroller, a salary at, and after the rate of \$3,500 a year, payable quarterly upon the warrant of said comptroller ont of the treasury of the said city, and shall receive from said city no subser compensation of any kind, f

Mr. Conkling introduced the following, relating to as

Sec. 1. It shall not be lawful for commissioners of estimate and assessment to after or amend any report, or supplement at or amende report, after the same shall have been denosited for inspection, as now required by law, by increasing themount of any assessment for benefit, or diminishing any ward for damage unless the person or persona, party or parties, effected by such increase or diminishing shall have been approximated to the commissioners before their reports shall be presented to the Court for confirmation.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

ALBANY, Feb. 15, 1859. Mr. Diven, (rep.) moved to instruct the Lobby Investi gating Committee to allow parties to appear with counsel

To extend the charter of the Harlem Railroad, and de

ermine the mode of using the same in the streets of New

A. King for the troops stationed by him on Staten Island to protect the Quarantine Buildings there. A resolution was adopted to adjourn, if the Assembly

Mr. LOVELAND, (rep.) moved for a select or

with power to investigate the charges made by Senator O. B. Wheeler, reflecting on the character of members and officers of the present Legislature.

Much opposition was made to the motion, and several propositions to postpone were voted down.

Mesers Diven, Hubbell, Loveland and others pressed the resolution, on the ground that it was more proper to investigate the action of their own members than that of a past Legislature.

The Registry law bill came up as the special order.

Mr. Morres, (rep.) chairman of the Judiciary Committee, moved a substitute for the whole bill giving authority to Inspectors of Election to question voters as to whether they have received any money, promises or other advantages for their votes, and making stringent

tute as not having any relation to a Registry law.

Messrs. Warner, Morris and Loomis advocated the substitute, and denounced the Registry law as unconstitusalute, and denounced the registry law as unconstitu-tional, unjust and inoperative.

Mr. Looms (rep.) denied that the republican party were committed to any such measure.

During the debate several motions to report progress

were voted down.

The debate on the subject was continued at great length, with considerable warmth on both sides, when finally Mr. Opdyke's substitute was voted down.

A collision occurred in the Senate this morning between Senators Gooding and Heffron, in consequence of some personal remagks made by both in the Senate some days and struck Heffron on the head with a cane, wounding him severely. Otherwise, little damage was done to either party. Both were armed, but had no opportunity to use their weapons. The excitement in the Senate during the difficulty was intense.

The Slave Trade.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 14, 1859.

The Grand Jury bave found true bills against Messrs.

Selvas & Mares, the consignees, and Mr. Cassineras, the captain, of the bark Augelita, seized here on suspicion of being fitted up for the slave trade.

Connecticut Politics.

HARTFORD, Feb. 15, 1859.

Mr. Alvin P. Hyde, of Tolland, was nominated to-day by a vote of one hundred and four out of one hundred and eight, as the democratic nominee for Congress in the First district of this State.

Sailing of the America for Boston.

HALPAX, Feb. 15, 1859.

The Cunard steamship America sailed from here at four o'clock this morning for Boston, where she will be due to day (Wednesday) at about noon.

Arrival of the Indian at Portland.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 15, 1859.

The steamship Indian, from Liverpool on the 26th uit.

arrived here at noon to day. Her news has been anticipated by the America, at Halifax.

Forgery at Hartford.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 15, 1859.

Doctor L. P. Brockett, formerly of the firm of Brockett & Hutchinson, booksellers, of this city, was arrested this afternoon for forgery. The paper forged is mostly held by several banks and individuals of this city. The amount of paper now out is from afteen to twenty thousand dollars. Doctor Brockett has heretofore been looked upon as a man of strict integrity. Presentation of a Medal from the British

Government.

Boston, Feb. 15, 1859.

A handsome gold medal, received through Lord Napieby the Collector of Boston, has been duly presented, bearing the following inscription:—"The British government to Captain Chas. Flanders, of ship Onward, of Boston, fosaving the crew of the bark Lady Campbell, in 1855."

The officers and crew of the United States ship St. Marys, at Acapulco, have contributed one hundred and thirty dollars and remitted the same to the Ladies' Mount Vernon Association.

Gunboat Launches.

The gunboat No. 3, built for the United States Navy, was successfully launched from Charlestown Navy Yard to-day. She is of nine hundred tons, and will mount eight broadside gons, and carry a heavy shell gun on a nivet amidshine. pivot amidships

Murder at Sen. Bosrow, Feb. 15, 1859. Before United States Commissioner Dexter to-day, John Panan, seaman, was arraigned charged with the murder of a shipmate named Henry Clare, on board the ship Siam, on the voyage home from Manita. The examination was continued until to-morrow.

The Canadian Parliament.

TORONTO, Feb. 15, 1859.

The Parliamentary debate on the Governor's speech closed this morning, and all the clauses of the address is reply thereto were carried by majorities ranging from five to fifty. The address was presented to the Governor to-day.

Weather Reports. TURDAY, Feb. 15, 1859.

Weather Reports.
TUSNAY, Feb. 15, 1
WASHINGTON—Raining; warm. Wind southwest.
PRIESRUKG—Raining; thermometer 62°.
NONIOR—Thermometer 44°. Wind east.
LYNCHEURG—Cloudy; thermometer 42°.
KNONVILLE—Cloudy; thermometer 40°.
RISIOL—Cloudy; thermometer 40°.
CHAITANOGGA—Cloudy; thermometer 31°.
WHIMINGTON—Clear and cold.
AUGUSTA—Clear and cold.
SAYANNAR—Clear; thermometer 50°. Wind south MACON—Clear and warm.
MONICOMRRY—Cloudy and damp.
MONICOMRRY—Cloudy; thermometer 60°.
NEW ORLEANS—Raining; thermometer 60°.
NEW ORLEANS—Raining and cool.

ter 66°. Wind south

Markets.

New ORIEANS, Feb. 14, 1859.

Cotton unchanged: sales to day 9,000 bales. Sugar du nd declined one eighth of a cent. Corn steady at 90c. SAVANNAH, Feb. 14, 1859. Cotton easier: sales to day 600 bales, at a decline quarter of a cent on the inferior grades.

Flour firm at \$5.87 \(\) for both Howard street and Ohio. What unchanged: white, \$1.40 a.\$1.70; red, \$1.30 a.\$1.35. Corn unchanged; white and yellow, 73c. a.76c. Provisions firm.

Flour steady. Wheat scarce: Southern white, \$1.70; do, red, \$1.26 a \$1.28. Corn dull; yellow, 80c. Whiskey dull at 28c. a 29c.

Hoboken City News.

THE PROPOSED NEW TOWNSHIP—A largely attended meeting took place on Saturday at the City Hotel in reference to the proposed township of Weehawken, which is to include Castle Point and a portion of the Elysian Fields. Speeches in favor of the project were made by John M. Board, Schuyler Board, Mr. Shippen, A. O. John M. Board, Schuyler Board, Mr. Shippen, A. O. Exams and others. Resolutions were also passed asking the passage of the act authorizing the new township. At the conclusion of the meeting an attempt was made to get up an opposition meeting, but the movers were unsuccessful. Mr. Stevens has proposed to the city to do away with the law which now restricts the lamp and police tax to that part of the city lying south of South Seventh street, and to allow the unimproved property north of that point—which belongs almost entirely to him—to be assessed for there purposes, in consideration of that part cut off by the proposed new township. This, he claims, will increase the yearly taxes of the city more than alon. The opposition is based on the supposition that the new township will detract from the revenue of Hobeken.

was found yesterday floating in the river at the foot of Newark street, Hoboken. Deceased had on a black calleo dress, with a striped delaine dress under; dark quilted petticoat, hoop skirt, coarse linen chimeae, marked with the initials "M. M., No. 12," in red thread; Congress gaiten and pubbers; straw hat, trimmed with green ribbons; mixed shawl, fancy ivesy breastpin, and small gold carrings in the ears. Goroner Bohnstedt, of Hoboken, held an inquest, and a verdict of found drowned was readered.

Mr. STRUCK MASSES.—This gentleman has lately been tendered a complimentary concert in Charleston, upon which occasion the Hibernian Hall was crowded to sufficiation. During the evening sixty young gentlemen, of the Ceilegiste School, recited Edgar Poe's "Chime of the Bulk" with your dise affect.

Interesting from Florida.

Ker West, Feb 6, 1859.
The Indian Emigration to Arkansas—Seminoles at Fort
Myers for New Orleans—Captain McNeil's Talk with the Policy of Ranging Deer and a Friendly Signal— Policy of Ranging Deer and Crasy Riger—Riger Tail's Party Still Holds Out and is Well Provisioned, &c. The United States mail steamship Magnolia, Captain Fol-

er, arrived from New Orleans, via Tampa and other Flo-

rida ports, the morning of the 6th.

She brings news of the highest importance concerning the removal of the remaining Indians from the peninsula to Arkansas. Col. Rector, the Indian Agent, has succeeded in inducing the greater proportion of the Seminoles to assemble at Fort Myers, and be ready to embark in the light of this most for New Orleans. His Magnolia the 12th of this month for New Orleans. His cierk, Mr. Johnson, was at Tampa, and engaged the steam-er to touch at Point Arrassas on her return, and there take on board the Arkansas delegation of friendly Indians, numbering twenty, and all the Seminoles who might be collected at the rendezvous, whose numbers, it was thought, would equal sixty, men, women and children.

collected at the rendezvous, whose numbers, it was thought, would equal sixty, men, women and children.

Cel. Rector's interpreter, 'ampson, came passenger in the Magnolia. He was formerly owned by Cel. Gad Humphrey, of St. Augustine. During the Seminole wars he was four times a prisoner among the Indians, and then learned their language. He was considered of so greavalue that the United States government purchased him from Cel. Humphrey and held him as an interpreter for some years. His freedom was given him not long since, and he now declares his intention of becoming a citizen of this place. He gives us a short account of a journey into the Indian country, made with Captain McNeil and two of the Arkansas delegation. Sampson being the interpreter for the party in all their tasks with the Seminoles.

Captain McNeil was ordered by Colonel Rector to proceed as far south as the Kissimmi river, and, if possible, have a talk with the Tallahassee tribe. The party consisted of Captain McNeil awagoner. Kotsuchie and a nepheword White Cloud, friendly Indians, and Sampson, the interpreter. They left Tamps soon after Christmas, and were a week in reaching Buffalo ford, on the Pean creek, a station near the hunting grounds of the Tallahassee tribe. Near the ford they came upon an extensive field, planted with potatoes, corn and pumpkins. The ground bore marks of recent tillage, and the party were satified that lodians were in the neighborhood; so they attached a white flag and an Indian frock to a po'e, and placed it in a conspicuous part of the field, when they left immediately for their camp across the ford. The next day the friendly Indians were in the neighborhood; so they attached a white flag and an Indian frock to a po'e, and placed it in a conspicuous part of the field, when they left immediately for their camp across the ford. The next day the friendly Indians were with the whites. In the place of the frock they left several plugs of tobacco and some pipes, and to inform them that in three days they would return,

of a cypress, accompanied by three stout warriors well armed with rifles and double-barrelled guns, and comfortably clad.

The talk was short.

Rarging Peer said his tribe would never leave their native land. He would, however, meet Capt. McNeil and issen to what be had to say. The following day was appointed for the interview. But the day passed, and another day, but no Tallahassees made their appearance. The friendly Indians were suspicious that treachery was intended, and they proposed to Captain McNiel to go back to Tampa, suggesting that Ranging Deer and his chief, Crayy Tiger, were deceiving them, and would probably attack them if they remained any longer in their territory. So Capt. McNiel gave orders to return, and crossing Buffaloford, they encamped for the night, intending to leave at break of day for the settlements; but soon after dark who should come up to the opposite bank of the stream but Ranging Deer himself, unattended and ready to treat with the captain. White Cloud's nephew and the wagoner, with mules, were sent back to bring is the three warriors, that they might be witnesses to the arrangements of their chief. They were found and brought into the camp that night, and the next morning at an early hour the palaver commenced.

Capt. McNiel told them plainly that they would not

night, and the next morning at an early hour the palaver commenced.

Capt. McNiel told them plainly that they would not be allowed to remain unmolested by the whites—that quarrels between them and the whites would be frequent, and that soon open warfare would occur, and they would be exterminated; but if they would emigrate, he was authorized by the Prosident of the United States to offer to every warrior \$500 in cash, a rifle, a complete fauting outfi, clothing and provisions to last them one year, and to every woman and child \$100 would be given, besides provisions for a year.

Ranging Deer said that if his chief, Crazy Tiger, his alster and his brother in-law would consent to emigrate he would also agree to go, and in twenty-two days would be at Fort hiyers with the whole tribe, of which he was subchief.

chief.

Captain McNeil furnished him with a passport, to use abould he meet any of the whites while collecting his band, and then the party separated. Sampson returned to Colonel Rector, and there learned that efforts to treat with Billy Bowlegs' old boat party were successful, and that the emigrating party would probably number sixty souls. They were to meet at Fort Myers, and from thence proceed to Foist Arracese and take passage in the Magnolia for New Orleans on the 12th of Value.

souls. They were to meet at Fort Myers, and from thence proceed to Yours Arraseas and take passage in the Magnolia for New Orleans on the 12th of February, in charge of Colonel Rector.

No hopes are entertained of getting Tiger Tail's party out of the Territory this season. He and several of his men fell in with the wrecked bark Thales, near Jubitu river, a few weeks since, and there enriched themselves with provisions, lead, powder. Jubiting, and a variety of stores and useful materials enough to make them independent of the whites for a long time. They will be less desirous of troating now than when in a destitute condition.

The Last Drawings of the Legalized Lotte-

DELAWARE, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI

STATE LOTTERIES. Official Drawings, by Telegraph DELAWARE LOTTERIES.

The subscribers. Commissioners appointed by the Governor of the State of Pelaware to superintend the drawing of a lot tery authorized by the Legislature, having this day attended the drawing of the lottery for the benefit of the State of Delaware, do hereby certify that the following are the numbers which were this day drawn from the wheel, viz.—

Extra Class, No. 181, Francusky 16, 1859. 25, 69, 70, 40, 24, 48, 52, 39, 77, 60, 49, 65, 59, 38,

CLASS No. 132, FERRUARY 15, 1859. 19, 43, 25, 23, 29, 4, 10, 75, 36, 57, 63, 51,

And that the said numbers were drawn in the order in which
they stand above.
Witness our hands at Wilmington, Del., this Tuesday, Feb.
GEORGE GORDON,
ALEX PORTER,
JOS. SEAL,

JOS. SEAL,

GEORGIA LOTTERIES

The subscribers, Commissioners appointed to superintend the drawing of the Sparta Academy Lottery, do hereby certify that the following are the numbers which were this day drawn from the wheel, viz—

Class No. 129, FERRUARY 15, 1859.

72. 69. 36. 8. 1. 62. 42. 22. 65. 21. 19. 2.

CLASS No. 130, EXTRA, FRBRUARY 15, 1859. 46, 56, 23, 6, 38, 32, 3, 69, 26, 15, 19, 7, 34,

And that the said numbers were drawn in the order in which they stand above.

Witness our hands, at Augusta, Ga., this Tuesday, Feb. 15, F. C. BARBER, Commissioners.

L. P. DUGAS, Commissioners.

WOOD, EDDY & CO., Summissioners, Georgia.

Saunders' Metallic Tablet Raze strop.—This, the genuine article, has never been equaled for producing the keenest possible edge to a razor. For sale by J. & S. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House.

Cure Your Cough.—25 Cents.
118 Third avenue, near Fourt Last Week of Banvard's Destruction

Shirts Sewed by Hand, of Fine Materials, and warranted to fit, made to order at JACKSON & PURDY S thirt warehouse, 647 Broadway.

Ballou's French Yoke Shirts, New Style, ande to order, and warrarted to fit, at less that t BALLOU'S Shirt Emporium, 409 Broadway.

Notice.—Drumgold & Proch have Removed from No 129 Fulton street to the spacious store No. 214 Broadway, opposite St. Paul's church, (store formerly occupied by Genin, hatter.)

Business Coats.—A Splendid Article for \$10, Pants -A Large Variety, Well Made and rom a neat selection, 55 and upwards, at DRUMGOLD & PROCH'S, No. 214 Broadway.

Vests.—A Beautiful Assortment at DRUMGOLD & PROCH'S, No. 214 Broadway. Last Week of Banvard's Destruction

50 Cent Extra Large Size Ambrotype Por-traits isngest pictures in the city, and dollar photographs by HOLMES. 229 Broadway. Herring's Patent Champton Fire

Christadoro's Hair Dye, Wigs and To the best in the world. Wholesale and retail, and the rately applied, at No.6 Astor House. Barry's Tricopherous is the Best and heapest sricle for dressing, beautifying, cleaning surling, reserving and restoring the hair. Ladies, my it. cold by all

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toup The best in the world, surpassing all made. Sold and a at the manufactory, 255 Broadway. Rupture Cured by Marsh's Radical Cur-russ. Reference to all the principal surgeons and physician of the city. Call and examine. No. 2 Vesey street, Asto

Holloway's Pills and Ointment .- Sp

THE FAMILY HERALD.

Important News from Hayti—News from Cali-fornia, Nicaragua, the Sandwich Islands, &c.—The Political Aspect of Europe—The Fur Trade—The Fine Arts—Local News—

Market Reports, &c., &c.

The Family Henald of to-day next will contain all the news of the preceding week of interest, and a large amount of miscellaneous reading. Among its contents will be found.—
Important News from Hayti—The Empire of Soulouque Destroyed—Success of the Revolutionists—Abdication of Soulouque—His Flight to Jamaica—Account of the Revolution—Histories of Souloque and Gen. Jeffracd.

News from California, Nicaragus, the Sandwich Islands, &c., received by the stramship Moses Taylor.

The Political Aspect of Europe—Letters from our Correspondents in London, Paris, Berlin and Venice.

Doings at Washington—Report of the Proceedings of Congress.

Gaieties of Washington—Climax of the Fashionable Season—A Round of Festivities and Entertainments of the Capital-Balls, Soirces. D'Anners and Receptions—Sketches of the Leaders of the Bon Ton, &c., &c.

The Fur Trade in New York—What the different kinds of the Son Ton, &c., &c. Fur Sell For, &c.
The Fine Arts—The Picture Galleries and Exhibit

New York.

Destruction of William and Mary College by Fire—Interest ing Historical Sketch—Its Illustrious Graduates—One of the Landmarks of the Past Swept A way.

The Domestic Difficulties among the Spiritualists—The Hatch Divorce Case.

The Fry Divorce Case—Himance of Real Life in Phila-Alphia

delphia.
The Hoaz of the Highlanders—How the Stor The Excitement in this City, &c.

Reunion of the Bide and Leather Merchants at the Metropolitan Hotel—A Good Dinner and Plenty of Speaking—Statistic

of the Trade, &c.
Editorials on prominent events of the day.
Local News of interest of this and the adjoining cities.
A full report of the New York Cattle Market, with the number of cattle offered for sale, prices, &c.
Report of the Prices of all kinds of Marketable Produce at

the time of publication.

Police Reports—Theatrical Criticisms—Commercial and Money Market Reports—Marriages and Desthe for Week—altogether forming an interesting and useful newspaper.

Terms—\$2 per year; single copy, four cents. To be obtained at the office, and of all the news agents. Advertisements inserted at the usual Herald rates. Morals vs. Brandreth's Pills .- Headache

Movals vs. Brandreth's Pills.—Headaches are nature's warnings, and have their origin in imperfect digestion, producing gases which ascend to the head, causing expansion of the covering of the brain, and varying in intensification of the head, the covering to the habita of the individual. One or two brisk doses of Brandreth's pills will cure; and when they are swallowed all darger of apopiexy is past. The pain and dizziness will vanish after the first sleep. Do not let any time be lost. The consequences of irregularities are thus cured, and the body and mind are better able thereafter to withstand temptatons. Brandreth's pills will yet be appreciated by moralists.

Principal office 294 Canal street. Price 25 cents per box; sugar coated, 12 in a box, 13 cents.

Last Wednesday Afternoon Exhibition of Sanvard's Destruction of Jerusalem, at three o'clock.

Married.

Grace—Marsh.—On Saturday, Feb. 12, by the Rev. E.
H. Chapin, Grokge R. Grace, of New London, Conn., to
Caroline B. Marsh. of Nottingham, N. H.
McKenzhe—Quinn.—At Kingsbridge, Westchester county, at the residence of Mr. Morrison, by the Rev. Mr. Holden, Mr. Thomas McKenzh, of Staten Island, to Miss Katz
Quinn. of this city. Gen, Mr. Thoras Bulkska, Quink, of this city.

Minald:—Rovane.—On Monday, Feb. 14, Pietro Minald:
to Miss Penelore Rovane, of Brooklyn.
Young—Loyn—In this city, on Wednesday evening.
Feb. 9, by the Rev. Valentine Buck, C. Young to Main
Amelia, eldest daughter of the late Charles A. Lloyd.

Died.

Atkinson.—On Monday, Feb. 14, Elizanim Janz, daughter of Thomas and Margaret Atkinson, aged 4 years, 6 months and 21 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at one o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 34 Columbia street.

at one o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 34 Columbia street.

BOOLE,—On Monday, Feb. 14, of consumption, Edward M. Boole, in the 28th year of his age.

The friends and relatives are requested to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at one o'clock, from his late residence, No. 201 East Nineteenth street.

BROWER.—On Monday, Feb. 14, of consumption, ROBERT J. BROWER, in the 28th year of his age.

The friends and relatives of the family, and the members of the Cleary Guard, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, from his late residence, No. 38 Frankfort street, at two o'clock.

His remains will be taken to Flatbush cemetery for interment.

His remains will be taken to Flatbush cemetery for interment.

CLARK.—On Sunday, Feb. 13, of croup, HENRY EDWARD

CLARK, aged 3 years and 6 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, Charles and Rebecca Clark, on Franklin avenue, between Myrtle and Park avenues, Brooklyn, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at one e'clock.

CONNILLY.—On Tuesday morning, Feb. 14, Michart Connelly, in the 28th year of his age, a native of Moate county, Westmeath, Ireland.

The friends of the family, and also of his brother-in law, Thomas Ireland, are requested to attend the funeral, from his late residence, corner of Hudson avenue and York streets, Brooklyn, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at halfpast two o'clock.

Doviz.—In this city, on Monday, Feb. 14, of consumption, Mary Dovize.

DOTE.—He tan ear-tion, MARY DOTE. Her funeral will take place this (Wednesday) afternoon, her funeral will take place this (Wednesday) afternoon, Her funeral will take place this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two colock, from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Donohoe, No. 5 Alien street.

GRONK:—At White Flains, on Tuesday, Feb. 15, JOHN B. GENSKY, in the 49th year of his age.

HANTEN.—In this city, on Monday morning, Feb. 14, RAYMOND NAYLOR, only son of Benjamin and Susan C. HANTUN, aged 3 years, I month and 22 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at four o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 326 Fourth avenue.

MONEYPENNY.—On Monday, Feb. 14, JOHN MONEYPENNY, in the 64th year of his age.

MONEYPENNY.—On Monday, Feb. 14, JOHN MONEYPENNY, in the 64th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from his late residence, 450 Canal street. The remains will be taken to Greenwood for in-

The function of the late Bernard S. Judah, aged 84 years.

The function will take place from her late residence, No. 319 Henry street, near Grand, on Thursday morning, at eleven o'clock.

LAUDER.—In Jersey City, on Tuesday evening, Feb. 15, Mary Burnarison, wife of James Lauder, in the 28th year of her age.

of her age.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's paper.

IEE —On Tuesday, Feb, 15, Robert Campbell, son
Robert and Rosetta Lee, aged 1 year, 3 months and days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at one o'clock precisely, from the residence of his parents, No. 14 State street, McKeszer.—On Tuesday, Feb. 15, of water on the brain, William Henry Brach McKeszer, aged 1 year and 18

William Henry Birch McKenzie, aged 1 year and 18 days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, James and Charlotte McKenzie, No. 508 Sixth avenue, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock, without further notice.

Milier.—Suddenly, on Tuesday. Feb. 15, of apoplexy, John Milliam, aged 60 years, 11 months and 5 days.

The friends and relatives of the family, also the friends of Alexander P., Henry G. and William L. Miller, and St. mon Seward, his son-in-law, are respectfully tovited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 25 Greenwich avenue, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

Firensive.—On Sunday morning, Feb. 13, of consumption, Elizabeth A. Promys, aged 19 years, 6 months and

PERRINE —On Sunday morning, Feb. 13, of consump-on, ELIZABETH A. PERRINE, aged 19 years, 6 months and

PERRISE—On Sunsay norms; too, Ellarem A. PERRISE, aged 19 years, 6 menths and 24 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday), at 12 M., from the residence of her mother, 214 Delancey street, without further invitation.

Jersey papers please copy.

Rouse.—On Tucsday, Feb. 15, Mary Ann, widow of the law Thomas Robin, in the 67th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of her sons, Augustus and Thomas, and her son-in-law, J. B. Miller, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thorssoy afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, No. 92 West Thirteenth street.

ROUSES—On Menday, Feb. 14, of croup, Edwin Chess—Tr, son of Charlotte A. Rogers, and grandson of Edmund Jones, aged 3 years, 6 months and 14 days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at one o'clock, from the residence of his grandfather, Claremont Hotel, Bloomingdale road, without further netice.

Tan.—On Monday, Feb. 14, WM. Tair, aged 81 years, 8

Tair.-On Monday, Feb. 14, WM. Tair, aged 81 years,

TAIT.—On Monday, Feb. 14, WM. TAIT, aged 81 years, 8 mentis and 10 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, and the members of John street Methodist Episcopal church, are affectionately invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at one o'clock, from his late residence, No. 21 (armine street.

TAILMAN —At Hudson City, on Tuesday, Feb. 15. Mrs. CAIRMAN TAILMAN and 10.

21 Carmine street.
Tallman — At Hudson City, on Tuesday, Feb. 15, Mrs.
Carmanse Tallman, aged 52 years.
Her friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at has, past two o'clock, from the Reformed Dutch church, at Bergen, N. J.
Thornixm.—In Baltimore, on Thursday, Feb. 10, Jons, youngest son of Mary and Dr. John Thornley, United States Bay, asced one year. youngest son of Mary and Dr. John Thornier, United States navy, aged one year.

Torrains.—On Monday morning, Feb. 14, Gerand G., son of the late Stephen B. Tompkins, formerly of Tarrytown, N. Y., aged 26 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 137 Second avenue, this (Wednesday) morning, at ten o'clock.

clock. His remains will be conveyed to Tarrytown by the 12 clock train from Chambers street. MISCELLANEOUS.

A WARNING.—GAYETTY'S MEDICATED PAPER.— Buy this paper, as it is the only medicated paper (per-fectly harmiess to the healthy) in the market. For sale at 41 Ann street, and by all respectable druggists in the United States. Reware of savioding imitations.

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BUY IT, USE IT AND NO OTHER.
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AGENTS WANTED.

A NOTHER TESTIMONIAL, UNSOLICITED AND WHICE A none can doubt—Read for yourselves.

Liconies, Noble Co., Ind., Feb. 5, 1669.

Prof. O. J. Wood:—Dear Sir—in the laster part of the year 1842, while attending the State and National Law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to ma, commenced failing off very rapidly, so thain law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to ma, commenced failing off very rapidly, so thain the short space of six months the whole upper part of my scalp was almost entrely bere fit off ta covering, and much of the remaining portion upon the side and back part of my head shortly after becaming gray; so that you will not be surprised when I tail you that upon my return to the State of Indiana my more causual acquaintances were not so much at a loss to discover the cause of the change in my appearance as my more intimate sequals across were to recognise me all. I at once made application to the most skillful physicians in the country, but receiving an assurance from them that my hair could again be restored. I was forced to become reconciled to my fate, until fortunately, and the second to be become reconciled to my fate, until fortunately are commended to the year 1857, your Hair Restorative was recommended to the year 1857, your Hair Restorative was part as the first restorative in use.

The restorative in use, and the production of the year later, which no money can buy. As a mark of my gratitude for your labor and as a result have a rich cost of very soft black hair, which no money can buy. As a mark of my gratitude for your labor and skill in the production of so wo derful an article, I have recommended its use to many of my friends and acquaintainces, who I am happy to inform you, are using it with like effect. Very respectfully yours,

Pepox 312 Broadway, and sold by all dealers throughout the world.

A N OPENING.

AN OPENING. ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1889. JOINED BLONDS. MILLINERY. LACE GOODS A LARGE IMPORTATION EXTRAORDINARY CLOSE PRICES.

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BIRDSALL'S ARNICA LINIMENT.—IT IS WELL how unthat arnica is the best thing to allay pain and lafammation. This is the best indiment in the world, Try it make the cured. No. 58 Beckman street. Twenty-dive conts.

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The March number of the new access centire work, and the account volume of the new access good time to commence ansacriptions.

CONTENTS OF MARCH NUMBER.

SAVING LITTLE: WASTING MUCH.

BEHIND THE SCENES.

HER FIRST APPEARANCE.

THE GRINGE FAMILY.

COLLEBS IN SEARCH OF A DINNER.

HOME AGAIN.

Ac.

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DEWING MACHINES—ALL PERISONS
Deen induced to buy sewing machines which will not per
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